

TRCLAW COLLEGE

(An Autonomous College)

Affiliated to Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Avadh University, Ayodhya.



SYLLABUS

B.ALL.B. (Five Year) Program

SEMESTER - VI

Vasudev Nagar, Satrikh, Barabanki- 225122





Schedule

As such prescribed by the Bar Council of India Rules of Legal Education, 2008 Schedule II Part II' for the LL.B. Five Year Course (B.A.LL.B. Program)

Annexure –B Scheme of Papers

| Semester Name | Paper Code | Name of Papers | Credit Score |
|------------------|---------------|--|-----------------|
| Sixth | BL-0601 | 1. Sociology-II | |
| Semester | BL-0602 | 2. Psychology-II | |
| | BL-0603 | 3. B N S 2023-II Including Prevention of Corruption Act. | |
| | BL-0604 | 4. Jurisprudence (Legal Theory & Concept) | |
| | BL-0605 | 5. Property Law-II & Registration Act. | |
| | BL-0606 | 1. Civil Procedure Code & Limitation Act. | |





Course Title: Indian Society and Institution

Paper Code: BL-0601

Course Description: This course explores the structure dynamics and evolution of Indian society. It examines social institution, cultural diversity and the challenges of modernization and social change. Textual and field view of Indian society.

Course Objectives:

- To Introduce the Students to the issues and challenges Prevalent in Indian Society.
- To develop a board understanding of the persistence of stratification in contemporary Indian Society.

Course Outcome:

Unit I: Indian Society and Indian Culture

- Modern social reform movements,
- process of change in Indian cultural structure,
- Processes of change in Indian social structure.

Unit II: Textual and field view of Indian Society

- The significance of the field view,
- The Interface between present and past.
- Community development

Unit III: The Structure and composition of Indian society

- Tribe, Village, Town and Rural-Urban linkages, baker section,
- Dalit women and minority,
- Population and related Issue

Unit IV: Demographic profile of India:

- Characteristics of Indian population,
- Language, occupation
- Scheduled castes.

Unit V: Culture and Ethic Diversity:

- Historical Embedded diversity in Respect of Language, Caste, Religions
- Beliefs and Practice, cultural Patterns.
- Basic Institution of Indian Society: Caste, Family in India
- Household Joint Family, Nuclear Family Trends of Change
- Marriage, changing dimension of marriage, Hindu, Muslim, Christian and tends of change
- Religion and Secularism Rural community



Recommended Books:

"Indian Society and Institution" By Dr.Gopi Raman(Hindi)
"Indian Society and Institution" by Rajendra K. Sharma

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES:

| CLO | Description | Bloom's Taxonomy Level |
|-----|--|---|
| 1. | Be Familiar with the conceptual aspects of socio-Economic problems that leads to social Issue in Indian Society. | Remembering, Understanding, applying, analyzing, Evaluating, Creating |
| 2. | Able to analyze the Stratification of Indian Society in terms of communalism and its problems | Remembering, Understanding, applying, analyzing, Evaluating, Creating |
| 3. | Understand familiar problems peculiar to Indian Society. | Remembering, Understanding, applying, analyzing, Evaluating, Creating |





Course Title: Social Psychological

Paper Code: BL-0602

Course Description: This Course aims to facilitate students in developing an understanding of historical background, methods and states of social Psychology in the world, and particularly in India, It also enables them to relate with different phenomena of personal and social perception, attribution, various group dynamics and negative influences like aggression and propaganda.

Course objective:

- To understand basic concepts of social psychology.
- To study the relationship between society and various psychological behaviors like inter- personal communication, pro-social behaviors etc.
- To understand the dynamics behind social biases prejudices and stereotypes.

Unit I: Introduction to Social Psychology

- Nature and scope
- Challenges and issues
- Approaches: Correlational and cross-cultural
- Social psychology in India (Indian perspective)

Unit II: Social Perception

- Person perception: forming impressions-central and peripheral traits & non-verbal cues
- Attribution formation: concept and theories(Jones, Davis and Kelly)

Unit III: Group Dynamics

- Attitude-concepts and formation
- Attitude-behavior link, change & measurement
- Social influences: obedience, conformity and compliance
- Social biases: understanding and dealing with stereotypes and prejudices

Unit IV: Propaganda

• Meaning, principles and effects of propaganda

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Unit V: Aggression

- Concept, Determinants and theories
- Strategies/techniques to manage and reduce aggression

Recommended Books:

"Social Psychology" by RA Baron and D. Byron (Latest edition Prentice Hall: New Delhi)

Course Learning Outcomes:

| CLO | Description | Bloom's Taxonomy Level |
|-----|---|---|
| 1. | To Learn about the development of concepts of social psychology and how to apply these in social life | Remembering, Understanding Applying, Analyzing Evaluating, Creating |
| 2. | To understand the understanding dynamics of various group phenomena's like conformity, abidance and interpersonal attraction etc. | Remembering, Understanding Applying, Analyzing Evaluating, Creating |
| 3. | To Learn way to behave more effectively in social situation | Remembering, Understanding Applying, Analyzing Evaluating, Creating |
| 4. | To identify and reduce negative practices in the society and make world a better place to live in. | Remembering, Understanding Applying, Analyzing Evaluating, Creating |



[&]quot;Exploring Social Psychology" by D.G. Myers (McGrawHill: New York/New Delhi)

[&]quot;Samajik Manovigyan(सामाजिक मनोविज्ञान)"byR.N. Singh Motilal Banarasi das: Varanasi

[&]quot;Various Books and writings" by Subodh Kakkar(Online availability)



Course Title: B N S 2023-II Including Prevention of Corruption Act.

Paper Code: BL-0603

Course Description: This course provides a comprehensive overview of various types of crimes that affect individuals and society, including crimes against the body, property, women, marriage, defamation, public morality, and corruption. Students will examine the causes and consequences of these crimes, as well as the legal frameworks and support systems in place to prevent and respond to them.

Course Objectives:

- To understand the concept of crimes against the human body, including murder, culpable homicide, assault, and battery
- To analyze the different types of property-related crimes, including theft, burglary, robbery, and arson
- To examine the impact of crimes against women, including rape, sexual harassment, and human trafficking
- To understand the concept of crimes related to marriage, including bigamy, cruelty, and dowry deaths
- To analyze the concept of defamation and its impact on individuals and communities
- To examine the concept of public morality crimes, including criminal intimidation, obscenity, and public nuisance
- To understand the concept of corruption-related crimes, including bribery, embezzlement, and abuse of power
- To develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills in relation to crime and justice

Unit I: Offenses against Property

- Theft
- Snatching
- Extortion
- Robbery & Dacoity
- Cheating
- Criminal Misappropriation & Criminal Breach of Trust
- Mischief
- Forgery
- Criminal trespass
- House breaking

Unit II: Offenses against the Human Body

- Culpable homicide and Murder
- Difference between culpable homicide and murder
- Rash and negligent act causing death
- · Organized crime
- Hurt simple and grievous
- Wrongful restraint and confinement
- Assault and criminal force
- Kidnapping and Abduction



Unit III: Offenses against women

- Assault or criminal for the modesty of woman
- Causing miscarriage without consent
- Rape definition, custodial rape, marital rape
- Outraging her modesty
- Sexual harassment
- Disrobing
- Voyeurism
- Stalking
- Insulting women
- Dowry death
- Selling or buying a minor for purchases of prostitution
- Prohibition of indecent representation of women

Unit IV: Offenses relating to Marriage, Cruelty and Public Morality

- Bigamy
- Causing miscarriage,
- Cruelty by husband or her relatives
- Kidnapping or Abduction of women to compel marriage
- Insulting the magistrate
- Criminal Intimidation
- Public Nuisance
- Defamation

Unit V: Corruption and its Prevention

- Definition Gratification
- Impact of corruption on society and economy
- Introduction to the Prevention of Corruption Act
- Objectives and scope of the Act
- Offences under the Act bribery, abuse of power etc.
- Penalties and sanctions for corrupt practices
- Investigation and prosecution of corruption cases
- Special judge appointment powers and jurisdiction
- Protection of whistleblowers and witnesses

Recommended Books:

- "The Indian Penal Code" by Ratanlal & Dhirajlal's
- "Criminal Law: Cases and Materials" K.D. Gaur's
- "Criminal Law" by P.S.A. Pillai's
- "Indian Penal Code" by Dr. S.N. Mishra's
- "General Principles of Criminal Law" Prof. K.N. Chandrasekharan Pillai's
- "Criminal Law" by R.V. Kelkar
- "Criminal Law" by Dr. Ashok K. Jain
- "Principles of Criminal Liability" by K.I. Vibhute





"Criminal Law in India" by M.P. Jain

Course Learning Outcomes:

| CLO | Description | Bloom's Taxonomy Level |
|-----|--|---|
| 1. | Explain and analyze the different types of body- related crimes, including homicide, non-fatal offenses, assault, and battery etc. | Remembering, Understanding Applying, Analyzing Evaluating, Creating |
| 2. | Explain and analyze the different types of property-related crimes, including theft, robbery, and extortion etc. | Remembering, Understanding Applying, Analyzing Evaluating, Creating |
| 3. | Define and explain the concept of crimes against women, including domestic violence, sexual harassment, and human trafficking. | Remembering, Understanding Applying, Analyzing Evaluating, Creating |
| 4. | Define and explain the concept of crimes related to marriage, including bigamy, adultery, and dowry deaths. | Remembering, Understanding Applying, Analyzing Evaluating, Creating |
| 5. | Define and explain the concept of corruption- related crimes, including bribery, embezzlement, and abuse of power. | Remembering, Understanding Applying, Analyzing Evaluating, Creating |
| 6. | Analyze the different types of public morality crimes, including indecent exposure and criminal intimidation. | Remembering, Understanding Applying, Analyzing Evaluating, Creating |
| 7. | Explain the legal frameworks and penalties for corruption-related crimes, including the role of law enforcement and the courts | Remembering, Understanding Applying, Analyzing Evaluating, Creating |



[&]quot;Jurisprudence of Criminal Law" by Glanville Williams

[&]quot;Bhartiya Nyay Sanhita, 2023, Indian Penal Code, 1860 (Bare Act)"



Course Title: Jurisprudence (Legal Theory & Concept)

Paper Code: BL-0604

Course Description: Jurisprudence is the study of legal theory, philosophy, and the underlying principles that shape law. This course provides an in-depth examination of the fundamental principles and concepts of jurisprudence, the philosophy of law. Students will explore the nature of law, its sources, and its relationship to morality and, analyzing key schools of thought, legal reasoning.

Course Objectives:

- Introduce students to the fundamental concepts of jurisprudence and legal theory.
- Explore various schools of thought in jurisprudence, including Natural Law, Positivism, Realism, and Sociological Jurisprudence.
- Analyze the role of law in society, governance, and justice.
- Develop critical thinking and reasoning skills to understand the philosophy behind laws and legal institutions.
- Examine the relationship between law, morality, rights, and justice in legal systems.

Course Outline:

Unit II: Introduction

- Definition, Nature and Scope of Jurisprudence
- Method of study and Importance
- Critical Analysis of the definition of Jurisprudence- Imperative theory of Law- John Austin
- Pure Theory of Law Hen's Kelson -Social Engineering of Law- Pound Volksgeist of law-Savigny
- Relationship with other subjects and general
- Particular Jurisprudence

Unit II: Analytical Positivism-Definition of Positivism

- Law & Sovereignty Austin's theory of Law its criticize,
- Modern Positivism, Pure theory of law Kelson's theory and its critical analysis
- HLA Hart-definition of Law
- Theory of Law of Neo Austinion Justice-Holland Salmond
- John Chipman Grey
- Morality

Unit III: School of Jurisprudence

- Historical School Volksgeist theory of Law(Savigny) Theory of Law by Sir Henry Maine
- Sociological school; 'Theory of Social Engineering' Dean Roscoe Pound, Principal of Social School: Leon Duguit, Theory of social utilitarianism -RudolfVon Ihering
- American Realist School; Karl Llewellyn, Jerone Frank, John Chipman, Grey. Oliver Wendell Holmes Jr

- THE LAW COLLEGE
- Natural Law School Meaning of Natural law Theory of Divine will, Classical Classical Hellenistic theory, Natural Law in the 19th Century, The Era of Dullness, The Revival of Natural Law in the 20th Century
- The Philosophical School of law, Grotius, Kant Hegel

Unit IV: Sources of Law

- Legislation-Important of Legislation as Source of Law, Legislation & Law Reform, Legislation and Condition, Kinds of legislation- Supreme and subordinates legislation, Rule of Interpretation
- Judicial Precedent- Precedent as source of Law, kinds of precedent, ratio decidendi and obiter dictum stare decisis
- custom-Definition Custom as source of Law Requistes of Valid customwhen does customers become law?custom and prescription present position of customary law

UnitV: Legal Rights and Duties

- Rights- Meaning and definition, Theories legal rights-theory of interest, Theory of will
- Hohfeld's Analytical of Rights and Kinds of Rights
- Duties- Meaning and Definition, Kinds of Duties, Relation between Right and Duties Jus and rem
- Legal Personality- Person Defined, Natural and Juristic Person Kinds of Person Legal Status of Unborn child,
 Legal Status of Dead Person, Legal Status of Idol, Legal Status of Temple and Mosque, Theory of Corporate
 Judicial decisions liability of corporation in Torts and Crime
- Possession -Definition, Importance, Essential Elements- Corpus of possession, Animus of Possession Development, Concept of possession. Kinds of Possession Savigny theory of Possession Method of transfer of Possession,
- Ownership Definition -Austin Holland and Salmond, Criticism

Recommended Books:



[&]quot;Jurisprudence and Indian Legal Theory" by Prof. S. N. Dhyani

[&]quot;Jurisprudence and Legal Theory" by Dr. N.V. Pranjpay

[&]quot;Jurisprudence and Legal Theory" by V.D. Mahajan,

[&]quot;Principles of Jurisprudence" Dr. by Anirudh Prasad

[&]quot;Jurisprudence" by G. S. Tiwari



Course Learning Outcomes:

| CLO | Description | Bloom's Taxonomy Level |
|-----|---|--|
| 1. | Understand and explain key concepts, theories, and schools of jurisprudence. | Remembering, Understanding, Applying, Analyzing, Evaluating, Creating |
| 2. | Analyze and critically evaluate different legal philosophies and their impact on the legal system. | Remembering, Understanding, Applying, Analyzing, Evaluating, Creating |
| 3. | Compare and contrast different schools of thought, such as Natural Law and Legal Positivism | Remembering, Understanding, Applying, Analyzing, Evaluating, Creating |
| 4. | Apply jurisprudential principles to real-world legal problems and societal issues. | Remembering, Understanding, Applying, Analyzing, Evaluating, Creating |
| 5. | Develop reasoning and argumentation skills to engage in debates on law, justice, and morality. | Remembering, Understanding, Applying, Analyzing, Evaluating, Creating |
| 6. | Recognize the relevance of jurisprudence in modern legal developments, such as human rights and AI law. | Remembering, Understanding, Applying, Analyzing, Evaluating, Creating |





Course Title: Property Law-II& Registration Law

Paper Code: BL-0605

Course Description: This course aims to provide a comprehensive understanding of concept of Property and transfer of property. Its historical development and application in India. Students will learn about the principles and provision of the transfer of property Act, and its implementation in various fields as well as this course covers the Registration Act. This act course typically focuses on the legal provisions outline in the registration act of 1908. It also covers the roles of different registration authorities.

Course Objectives:

- The concept of property and the nature of property right are base to the under standing of law relating to property
- The objectives of this paper are to focus on concept & classification of property as well as principle governing transfer of immovable property.
- To ensure information about all deals concerning land so that correct land records could be maintained.
- To registration of other documents for more authenticity.
- To analyze the registering authorities, provided in all the district for this purpose.

Course Outline:

Unit I: Sale

- Definition of sale; essentials of a valid sale; sale how made
- Rights and liabilities of buyer and seller.
- Distinction between sale and exchange; sale and gift
- Exchange- definition and essentials.
- Rights and liabilities of parties.

Unit II: Mortgage

- Mortgage- definition; essentials of mortgage; kinds of mortgage.
- Rights and obligations of mortgages and mortgagee including right of redemption and right of foreclosure
 or sale.
- Marshaling of securities.
- Doctrine of subrogation including legal and conventional subrogation.
- Charges- kinds of charges; distinction between charge and mortgage, charge and lien.



- Definition of leaser, lessor, lessee, premium and rent. Essential elements of lease; leases how made.
- Rights and liabilities of lessor and lessee. Determination of lease.
- Exemption of leases for agricultural purposes.

Unit IV: Gift

- Gift- definition; essential elements; transfer how effected; modes of making gift. When gift may be suspended or revoked.
- Onerous gift. Universal donee.
- Actionable claim-definition; transfer of actionable claim; liability of transferee; mortgaged debt.

Unit V:Registration Act, 1908

- Definition(Inspector general of registration, registrar, sub registrar
- Powers, Duties, Liabilities of Inspector general of registration, registrar, sub registrar
- Documents which registration in compulsory, place for registration documents related to land
- Power of attorney, effect of registrations, cancellation of registration, penalty's

Acts:

- The Transfer of Property Act, 1882.
- Registration Act, 1908.

Recommended Books:

"The Transfer of property Act" by G.P. Tripathi

"The Transfer of property Act" by R.K. Sinha

"Transfer of property Act 1882 and Easement act 1882" by Murlidhar Chaturvedi-

"The Transfer of property Act" by T.P Tripathi

"Transfer of property Act and Easement" by Rudha Raman Gupta-

"The Transfer of property Act" by KulSharatha-

"Transfer of property Act" by BasantiLal Babul-

"The Transfer of property Act" by S.N Shukla-

"Law of Transfer of property Act" by V.P. Sarathi

"The Transfer of property Act" by Awatar Singh-





Course Learning Outcomes:

| CLO | Description | Bloom's Taxonomy Level |
|-----|---|--|
| 1. | The Students will able to understand the most fundamental concepts in property law including registration | Remembering, Understanding, Applying, Analysing, Evaluating and Creating |
| 2. | The Students will able to learn practical sheets related to property transfer | Remembering, Understanding, Applying, Analysing, Evaluating and Creating |
| 3. | The students will be able to ensure information about all deals concerning land so that correct land records could be maintained. | Remembering, Understanding, Applying, Analysing, Evaluating and Creating |
| 4. | The students will be able to analyze the registering authorities, provided in all the district for this purpose. | Remembering, Understanding, Applying, Analysing, Evaluating and Creating |





Course Title: Civil procedure Code and Limitation Act

Paper Code: BL-0606

Course Description: This course provides a detailed study of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the primary legislation governing civil litigation in India. It explores the structure of civil courts, jurisdiction, procedural stages of a civil suit (from institution to execution), and ancillary matters like appeals, revisions, and injunctions. Students will examine key provisions, judicial interpretations, and amendments, with an emphasis on practical skills such as drafting pleadings and understanding court processes. It also focuses on the legal framework, principles, and practical application of the Limitation Act. It includes theoretical foundations, statutory provisions, judicial interpretations, and contemporary issues.

Course Objectives:

- Understand the fundamental principles of civil procedure: To comprehend the underlying principles and concepts of civil procedure, including the role of the court, the parties, and the procedures involved.
- Analyze the structure and organization of the Civil Procedure Code: To examine the structure and organization of the code, including its various sections, chapters, and schedules.
- Apply the Civil Procedure Code in various legal contexts: To apply the code in different legal scenarios, including civil suits, appeals, and execution of decrees.
- Evaluate the outcomes of the Civil Procedure Code: To assess the effectiveness of the code in achieving its objectives, including access to justice, fairness, and efficiency.

Course outline:

Unit I: Introduction

- Definition: Decree , Decree Holder, Foreign Court, Judgement, Legal Representative, Mesne profits, Order
- Suit in General: Jurisdiction of Courts: Meaning, Kinds of Jurisdiction
- Suit of Civil Nature: Doctrine of Res-SubJudice (stay of suits), doctrine of Res judicata
- Bar to Trial: Foreign judgment(it's presumption and enforcement), place of suits
- Transfer of suits, Institution of suits
- Cause of Action
- Summon and Discovery issues: Service of summons for defendants, Summons to witness and penalty for default, discovery, judgment and Decree





- Execution: Courts by which Decree may be executed
- execution of Decree outside India
- Receipt
- Procedure in execution, Arrest and Detention
- Attachment ,sale Distribution of assets, Resistance of execution, Execution of Decree and Orde (payment under order)
- Decree for specific performance for restitution of conjugal rights
- Injunction, Decree for execution

Unit III: Appeal & Miscellaneous

- First Appeal &second Appeal
- Appeals from order
- Reference, Review and Revision
- Exemption of certain women from personal Appearance, Appeal from Appeallated Decree, Appeal from Decree, Appeal to the Supreme Court
- exemption of other persons, exemption from Arrest under civil persons, exemption of Members of legislative bodies
- Application for restitution
- Caveat
- Inherent power of the Courts

Unit IV: Rule of Procedure and Orders

- Parties to suits: joinder ,Misjoinder and Non joinder , Necessary parties , Representative
- From of Suits: Institution of suits, issues and service of summons
- Pleading: Plaint and written statement, set off, and counter claim
- Appearance of parties; Settlement of issues and Determination of suit on issues of law, Summons and Attendance of witness
- judgment and Decree
- Withdrawal and Adjustment of suits
- Commission
- suits by or Against Minor's and persons of unsound mind
- Suits by Indigent Persons
- Interpleader
- Summary procedure
- Arrest and Attachment before judgment
- Temporary Injunction and Interlocutory order
- Receiver





Unit V: Limitation of Suit, Appeal and Application

- Preliminary, Definition
- Bar of limitation and its capacity
- legal disability: disability of one of several person
- suit against trustees and their representative
- suit on contracts entered into outside the territories to which the Act extends
- Computation of period of limitation
- Acknowledgement in writing, Acquisition of ownership by possession

Act:

- Civil Procedure code,1908
- Limitation Act, 1963

Recommended Books:

"Civil procedure Code" by Dr. T.P.Tripathi

"Civil procedure Code" by Dr. Basanti Lal Babel

"Civil procedure Code" by Dr. Radha Ramman Gupta

"Civil procedure Code" by C.K Takwani





Course Learning Outcomes:

| CLO | Description | Bloom's Taxonomy Level |
|-----|---|----------------------------------|
| 1. | Demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of | Remembering, Understanding, |
| | the Civil Procedure Code: Students will be able | Applying, Analyzing, Evaluating, |
| | to explain the fundamental principles, structure, | Creating |
| | and organization of the code. | |
| 2. | Apply the Civil Procedure Code in various legal | Remembering, Understanding, |
| | contexts: Students will be able to apply the code | Applying, Analyzing, Evaluating, |
| | in different legal scenarios, including civil suits, | Creating |
| | appeals, and execution of decrees. | |
| 3. | Analyze the outcomes of the Civil Procedure | Remembering, Understanding, |
| | Code: Students will be able to evaluate the | Applying, Analyzing, Evaluating, |
| | effectiveness of the code in achieving its | Creating |
| | objectives, including access to justice, fairness, | |
| | and efficiency. | |
| 4. | Develop critical thinking and problem-solving | Remembering, Understanding, |
| | skills: Students will be able to think critically and | Applying, Analyzing, Evaluating, |
| | solve problems related to civil procedure, using | Creating |
| | the code as a framework. | |

